

## HW2 , Math 531, Spring 2014

Ayman Badawi

- QUESTION 1.** (i) Let  $R$  be a finite ring (with more than one element) and with no nonzero zero-divisors. Prove that  $R$  must have an identity.
- (ii) Let  $R$  be a finite ring (with more than one element) and with no nonzero zero-divisors. Prove that  $R$  is a division ring.
- (iii) Let  $R$  be a ring with one (not necessarily commutative) and with no nonzero zero-divisors. Show that  $\text{char}(R) = p$  (prime) or 0
- (iv) Let  $R = Z_8(+ )Z_8$ . For  $(a, b), (c, d) \in R$ , define  $(a, b) + (c, d) = (a + c, b + d)$  and  $(a, b) \cdot (c, d) = (ac, bc + ad)$ . Then we know that  $R$  is a commutative ring with 1. Show the following
- Find all nonzero zero-divisors of  $R$ .
  - Find all nilpotent elements of  $R$ .
- (v) Let  $R$  be a commutative ring with 1, and  $w \in \text{Nil}(R)$ . Prove that  $1 + w \in U(R)$ . Then prove that  $u + w \in U(R)$  for every  $u \in U(R)$ . [Hint: note that  $u + w = (1 + wu^{-1})u$  and surely  $wu^{-1} \in \text{Nil}(R)$ . You may need to use some basic elementary algebra facts, for example:  $x^3 + 1 = (x + 1)(x^2 - x + 1)$  ]

### Faculty information

Ayman Badawi, Department of Mathematics & Statistics, American University of Sharjah, P.O. Box 26666, Sharjah, United Arab Emirates.

E-mail: abadawi@aus.edu, www.ayman-badawi.com